

2009 Chrysler Town And Country Rear Disc Brake Replacement Guide 26138

2009 Chrysler Town & Country Rear Disc Brake Replacement Guide 26138: A Comprehensive How-To

Replacing your rear disc brakes on a 2009 Chrysler Town & Country, particularly if you're dealing with part number 26138 (or its equivalent), can seem daunting. This comprehensive guide breaks down the process step-by-step, providing you with the information and confidence to tackle this crucial maintenance task. We'll cover everything from gathering the necessary tools and parts to the final torque specifications, ensuring your safety and the longevity of your braking system. This guide will address crucial aspects of **rear brake caliper replacement**, **brake pad replacement**, and **rotor resurfacing or replacement**, all essential elements of a successful 2009 Chrysler Town & Country rear disc brake overhaul.

Understanding the Importance of Rear Disc Brake Maintenance

Regular maintenance of your vehicle's braking system is paramount for safety. Neglecting your brakes can lead to significantly reduced stopping power, increased stopping distances, and potentially dangerous driving situations. Specifically, the rear disc brakes on your 2009 Chrysler Town & Country, often referencing part number 26138 for specific components, play a vital role in vehicle stability, especially during braking and cornering. Ignoring worn or damaged components can severely compromise your safety and handling. This guide focuses on providing the knowledge and procedures needed for a safe and effective replacement, minimizing the risks associated with faulty brakes. Knowing the specifics of **brake system maintenance** is key to ensuring a safe driving experience.

Tools and Materials Required for 2009 Chrysler Town & Country Rear Disc Brake Replacement

Before you begin, gather all necessary tools and materials. This will streamline the process and prevent interruptions. You'll need:

- **Jack and jack stands:** Essential for safe vehicle lifting and support.
- **Wheel chocks:** To secure the vehicle and prevent accidental rolling.
- **Lug wrench:** For removing and reinstalling the wheels.
- **Socket set and wrenches:** Various sizes will be required for caliper bolts, brake line fittings, and other fasteners. Refer to your vehicle's service manual for the exact sizes.
- **C-clamp or brake caliper compression tool:** To compress the brake caliper piston.
- **Torque wrench:** Accurate torque settings are crucial to prevent damage and ensure proper braking performance. Consult your vehicle's repair manual for precise torque specifications.
- **New brake pads:** Ensure you purchase pads specifically designed for your 2009 Chrysler Town & Country. Look for quality brands known for reliable performance and durability.
- **New rotors (optional):** If your rotors are excessively worn or scored, replacement is recommended for optimal braking.
- **Brake cleaner:** Essential for cleaning brake components before assembly.
- **Gloves and safety glasses:** Always prioritize safety when working on your vehicle.
- **Penetrating lubricant (PB Blaster or similar):** This can help loosen stubborn bolts.
- **Repair manual:** A factory service manual for your specific model year is highly recommended, as it provides detailed diagrams and specifications.

Step-by-Step Rear Disc Brake Replacement Procedure (2009 Chrysler Town & Country)

This section provides a general overview. Always refer to your vehicle's repair manual for detailed instructions and torque specifications specific to your model.

1. **Safety First:** Securely lift and support the vehicle using jack stands. Engage the parking brake and chock the front wheels.
2. **Wheel Removal:** Remove the lug nuts and carefully remove the wheel.
3. **Caliper Removal:** Locate the caliper bolts and carefully remove them. Support the caliper with a wire or bungee cord to prevent it from hanging by the brake line.
4. **Brake Pad Removal:** Remove the old brake pads. Note their orientation for correct installation of the new pads.
5. **Caliper Piston Compression:** Carefully compress the caliper piston using a C-clamp or specialized compression tool. This is necessary to accommodate the thicker new pads.
6. **Rotor Removal (if replacing):** Remove the rotor from the wheel hub. If simply replacing pads, this step is not necessary unless the rotor is damaged.

7. **Cleaning:** Thoroughly clean the caliper, hub, and all surrounding components with brake cleaner.
8. **Installation:** Install the new rotors (if replacing), followed by the new brake pads. Ensure they're correctly seated.
9. **Caliper Reinstallation:** Reinstall the caliper, ensuring the brake pads are properly engaged. Securely tighten the caliper bolts to the specified torque.
10. **Bleeding the Brakes (Important):** After reassembly, bleed the brakes to remove any air that might have entered the system. This is crucial for proper brake function. Consult your repair manual for the bleeding procedure.
11. **Wheel Reinstallation:** Reinstall the wheel and tighten the lug nuts to the specified torque.
12. **Testing:** Lower the vehicle and carefully test the brakes. Ensure there's no unusual noise or vibration, and the braking performance is as expected.

Troubleshooting Common Issues During Replacement

During the replacement process, you might encounter issues such as:

- **Stuck Caliper Bolts:** Use penetrating lubricant and allow it to soak before attempting to remove them. If they remain stubborn, consider using a breaker bar.
- **Damaged Rotors:** If the rotors are significantly scored or worn, replacement is essential. Resurfacing might be an option, but it depends on the extent of the damage.
- **Brake Line Leaks:** Inspect the brake lines for any signs of leaks. If a leak is present, immediate professional attention is needed.
- **Air in the Brake Lines:** Proper bleeding is crucial after the replacement to prevent spongy brakes.

Conclusion

Replacing the rear disc brakes on your 2009 Chrysler Town & Country, even when dealing with a specific part like 26138, is a manageable task with the right information and tools. This guide provides a comprehensive overview of the process. Remember to prioritize safety, consult your vehicle's repair manual for precise details and torque specifications, and if you're unsure about any step, seek professional assistance from a qualified mechanic. Regular brake maintenance is a vital aspect of vehicle upkeep and directly contributes to your safety and driving experience.

FAQ

Q1: Can I resurface my rotors instead of replacing them?

A1: Rotor resurfacing is possible, but only if the wear is within acceptable limits. Excessive scoring or grooves indicate the need for replacement. A qualified mechanic can assess the condition of your rotors and determine if resurfacing is a viable option.

Q2: How often should I replace my brake pads?

A2: Brake pad replacement frequency depends on driving habits and conditions. Generally, you should inspect your brake pads every 6 months or 6,000 miles. Replacement is typically needed when the pad material is worn down to a minimum thickness, as indicated in your vehicle's owner's manual.

Q3: What are the signs that my rear disc brakes need replacing?

A3: Signs of worn or faulty rear disc brakes include squealing or grinding noises during braking, a spongy brake pedal, increased stopping distance, vibration during braking, and a pulsating brake pedal.

Q4: What is the significance of part number 26138 in this context?

A4: Part number 26138 (or a similar number) refers to a specific component within the rear disc brake system of the 2009 Chrysler Town & Country. This could be a caliper, a rotor, or another related part. It's important to check your vehicle's documentation or parts catalog to identify the exact part.

Q5: Is it necessary to bleed the brakes after replacing the rear pads and rotors?

A5: Yes, bleeding the brakes is absolutely necessary after any work on the braking system, including pad and rotor replacement. Air in the brake lines can significantly compromise braking performance, resulting in a spongy or unresponsive pedal.

Q6: Can I perform this repair myself?

A6: While this guide provides a comprehensive overview, performing this repair yourself requires mechanical aptitude and familiarity with automotive repair procedures. If you are unsure or lack experience, it's advisable to seek professional assistance from a qualified mechanic.

Q7: What are the consequences of neglecting rear brake maintenance?

A7: Neglecting rear brake maintenance can lead to reduced braking efficiency, increased stopping distances, compromised vehicle

stability, especially during cornering or emergency braking, and potential accidents.

Q8: Where can I find a replacement part like 26138?

A8: You can find replacement parts like 26138 at various automotive parts stores, both online and brick-and-mortar, such as AutoZone, Advance Auto Parts, NAPA Auto Parts, or online retailers like Amazon. Always ensure you're ordering the correct part number for your specific 2009 Chrysler Town & Country model.

Tackling the Rear Disc Brake Replacement on Your 2009 Chrysler Town & Country: A Comprehensive Guide (26138)

Replacing your stopping mechanism can appear intimidating, especially if you're new to auto repair. However, with the right information, even a DIY enthusiast can successfully complete this crucial repair. This in-depth guide focuses specifically on the rear disc brake replacement for a 2009 Chrysler Town & Country, referencing the commonly associated part number 26138 (or equivalent). We'll deconstruct the process sequentially, providing clear explanations along the way. Remember, safety should be your top priority throughout this entire procedure.

I. Pre-Repair Preparations: Gathering Your Arsenal

Before you even contemplate touching a tool, you need to assemble your tools. This includes:

- **The Necessary Parts:** Naturally, you'll need the replacement rear disc brake assemblies (part number 26138, or its equivalent – check your vehicle's VIN for accuracy). This typically includes brake plates, brake mechanisms, and brake shoes. Consider replacing the hoses if they show any damage. New fasteners are also necessary to ensure a secure fitment.
- **The Right Tools:** You'll need a comprehensive set of tools, including: jack stands, a jack, wheel chocks, socket wrenches (various sizes), a torque-measuring wrench, a striking tool, a pry bar, brake cleaner, oil, and possibly a caliper compression tool.
- **A Safe and Suitable Workspace:** Find a level and stable surface to work on. Make sure your vehicle is safely stopped and engaged the parking brake firmly.

II. Step-by-Step Replacement Procedure

1. **Secure the Vehicle:** Use your jack and jack stands to securely lift the rear of your vehicle. Remember to always follow manufacturer's recommendations and prioritize precaution.
2. **Remove the Wheel:** Loosen the lug nuts before lifting the vehicle and then completely remove them once lifted. Carefully dismount the wheel and set it aside.
3. **Reach the Brake Caliper:** You'll now have access to the brake caliper. You might need to take off a cover to get a clearer view.
4. **Compress the Caliper Piston:** Use a caliper compression tool to carefully compress the caliper piston. This will allow you to fit the new pads.
5. **Remove the Old Pads and Rotors:** Remove the old brake pads and carefully remove the old rotor. Clean any debris from the caliper and mounting surface.
6. **Attach the New Brake Plate:** Install the new rotor ensuring it's securely fastened.
7. **Attach the New Pads:** Install the new brake pads into the caliper.
8. **Remount the Caliper:** Carefully reinstall the caliper to its mounting bracket, ensuring it's securely attached.
9. **Remount the Wheel:** Carefully remount the wheel and tighten the lug nuts.
10. **Lower the Vehicle:** Lower the vehicle to the ground, then use a torque-measuring wrench to tighten the lug nuts to the manufacturer's specified torque.

III. Post-Repair Checks and Considerations

After the replacement, pump the brakes several times to build up pressure in the brake lines. Inspect for leaks and check the brake fluid level. A short drive is crucial to confirm proper functionality. If you notice anything unusual, such as trembling, spongy braking, or unusual noises, pull over immediately and review your steps.

IV. Conclusion

Replacing the rear disc brakes on your 2009 Chrysler Town & Country, while seeming difficult at first, is a doable task with the right information and planning. This guide provided a thorough overview of the process, emphasizing safety and accurate execution. Remember always to consult your vehicle's service manual for specific specifications and torque values. Following these steps meticulously will help ensure a successful repair and a safer driving experience.

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

Q1: Can I use aftermarket parts instead of OEM parts?

A1: While aftermarket parts can be cheaper, ensure they meet or exceed the quality and specifications of the OEM parts. Using inferior parts can reduce safety.

Q2: How often should I replace my rear disc brakes?

A2: Brake pad replacement intervals vary based on how you drive and other factors. Consult your owner's manual or a professional mechanic for recommendations. Regular inspections are key to preventing major issues.

Q3: What if I experience difficulties during the replacement process?

A3: If you encounter major problems, don't be afraid to ask for help. A qualified mechanic can provide the necessary expertise and ensure the job is done correctly.

Q4: Is it necessary to bleed the brakes after replacing the pads and rotors?

A4: Generally, bleeding the brakes isn't necessary when only replacing pads and rotors, but it's a good practice to monitor the brake fluid after the repair. Bleeding might be necessary if you replaced any brake lines or worked on the master cylinder.

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